41 FORM PTO-1390 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER: USB 98 BE IDM POL TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) 10.9 PPLNON9 018 52 7 CFR CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371 PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED: INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE: INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO .: PCT/EP00/00647 27 JANUARY 2000 3 FEBRUARY 1999 TITLE OF INVENTION: CELL COMPOSITION CONTAINING MACROPHAGES, PRESENTING ANTI-INFECTIOUS AND HEMATOPOIETIC PROPERTIES, AND A PROCESS FOR PREPARING THE SAME APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US: Bernard KLEIN, Zhao Yang LU, Jacques BARTHOLEYNS Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information: This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 1 2. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). 103 A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority Х J 5 A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) CF5 is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). 1 181 has been transmitted by the International Bureau. (see attached copy of PCT/IB/308) h is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). 6 c ini A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). ×6. Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). Jerse Mean are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). а have been transmitted by the International Bureau. b. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. c have not been made and will not be made. A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 8 An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 9 A translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). 10 Item 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information included: An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 11. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 12 13 x A FIRST preliminary amendment. A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. A substitute specification. 14 A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. Other items or information: 16

> International Search Report PCT/IPEA/409 Abstract of the Disclosure on a Separate Sheet Application Data Sheet

page 1 of 2 Y&T 9/2000

		ica	5 Res'd P	CT/PTO 0 3 AL	G 2001
u.s. application no 90%, 839,0652	INTERNATIONAL APPL PCT/EP00/00647	000	A	TTORNEY'S DOCKET NO. ISB 98 BE IDM	
				CULATIONS PTO USE	ONLY
17. X The following fees are submitted:					
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)):					
Neither international preliminary examination fee fee	(37 CFR1.482) nor int	ernational search			
(37 CFR1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and Internati the EPO or JPO	onal Search Report no	t prepared by \$ 1,000.00			
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFF tional Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO		\$ 860.00			
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFF tional search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to US	SPTO	\$ 710.00			
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFF did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4		\$ 690.00			
International preliminary examination fee (37 CFF satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)	(1.482) paid to USP1	D and all claims			
	R APPROPRIATE BAS	IC FEE AMOUNT =	\$	860.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or carliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).	declaration later than 3	30 months from the	\$	130.00	
CLAIMS NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	\$		
Total claims 19 - 20 =	0	X \$18.00	\$		
Independent claims 3 - 3 =	0	X \$80.00	\$		
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS(S) (if applicable)	+ \$270.00	\$		
*	TOTAL OF ABOVE	CALCULATIONS =	\$	990.00	
Reduction of ½ for filing by small entity, if applicable. Applicant claims Small Entity Status under 37 CFR 1.27. +					
end)	\$	990.00			
Processing fee of \$130 for furnishing the English earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR1.49(ft).	\$				
	TOTA	L NATIONAL FEE =	\$	990.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +					
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				990.00	
				ount to be refunded:	
•				charged:	
a. X A check in the amount of \$ 990.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.					
Please charge my Deposit Account No. 25-0120 in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
c. X The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required by 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 25-0120. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed					
Lieute any overpayment to pepusit Account No. 20 0120: A deputate sep; of the separate sep; of the					
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:					
	ıst 3, 2001	() T	homas W.	Perkins	
745 South 23rd Street 2nd Floor				Applicants No. 33,027	
Arlington, VA 22202 (703) 521-2297 facsimile (703) 685-0573					

JC05 Rec'd PCT/PTO 0.3 AUG 2004

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

- 1

In re application of

Bernard KLEIN et al.

Serial No. (unknown)

Filed herewith

CELL COMPOSITION CONTAINING MACROPHAGES, PRESENTING ANTI-INFECTIOUS AND HEMATOPOLETIC PROPERTIES, AND A PROCESS FOR PREPARING THE SAME

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents

Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to calculation of the filing fee, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Amend claim 3 as follows:

--3. (Amended) Cell composition according to claim 1, containing T lymphocytes, preferably in a ratio of about 10 to 60% expressed with respect to the total number of cells.

Amend claim 4 as follows:

--4. (Amended) Cell composition according to claim 2, wherein the progenitor cells contain from about 0,1

% to about 20 % of CD34 * stem cells, expressed with respect to the total number of progenitor cells.

Amend claim 6 as follows:

--6. (Amended) Cell composition according to claim 2, wherein the macrophages, myeloid cells and the lymphocytes if present, are included in/or generated from blood monopuclear cells

Amend claim 10 as follows:

--10. (Amended) Process according to claim 8, comprising an additional step of macrophage activation, at the end of the coculture, for instance by addition of γ -interferon or muramyl peptides.

Amend claim 11 as follows:

--11. (Amended) Process according to claim 7, comprising an additional step of concentration of the cells obtained at the end of the coculture, and resuspension in a vehicle suitable for administration to a patient.

Amend claim 13 as follows:

--13. (Amended) Cell composition such as obtained according to the process of claim 7.

Amend claim 14 as follows:

--14. (Amended) Pharmaceutical composition containing, as active substance, the cell composition according to claim 1.

Amend claim 15 as follows:

- --15. (Amended) Cell composition according to claim 1, characterized by the fact that it is derived from and/or included in a peripheral blood mononuclear cell composition containing:
 - from about 10 to about 50% of monocytes,
 - from about 10 to about 70% of lymphocytes,
 - from about 0,1 to about 20% of progenitor cells,
 - from about 1 to about 50% of polynuclear cells,
 - from about 0,1 to about 20% of stem cells.

Amend claim 16 as follows:

--16. (Amended) Use of a cell composition according to claim 1, for the preparation of drugs, for the restoration of hematopoiesis in an aplasic patient and/or the protection of patients against infectious diseases or against residual tumors.--

Add the following new claims:

- --17. (new) Cell composition according to claim 2, containing T lymphocytes, preferably in a ratio of about 10 to 60% expressed with respect to the total number of cells.
- $-\text{--}18. \hspace{0.2cm} \text{(new)} \hspace{0.2cm} \text{Pharmaceutical composition containing, as active substance, the cell composition according to claim 2.}$
- --19. (new) Cell composition according to claim 2, characterized by the fact that it is derived from and/or

included in a peripheral blood mononuclear cell composition containing:

- from about 10 to about 50% of monocytes,
- from about 10 to about 70% of lymphocytes,
- from about 0,1 to about 20% of progenitor cells,
- from about 1 to about 50% of polynuclear cells,
- from about 0,1 to about 20% of stem cells.--

REMARKS

The above changes in the claims merely place this national phase application in the same condition as it was during the international phase, with the multiple dependencies being removed.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE".

Respectfully submitted,
YOUNG & THOMPSON

Ву

Thomas W. Perkins

Attorney for Applicants
Registration No. 33,027

Customer No. 00466 745 South 23rd Street

Arlington, VA 22202 Telephone: 703/521-2297

August 3, 2001

VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

The claim have been amended as follows:

- 3. (Amended) Cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 or 2, containing T lymphocytes, preferably in a ratio of about 10 to 60% expressed with respect to the total number of cells.
- 4. (Amended) Cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 3_2, wherein the progenitor cells contain from about 0,1 % to about 20 % of CD34 stem cells, expressed with respect to the total number of progenitor cells.
- 6. (Amended) Cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 5_2, wherein the macrophages, myeloid cells and the lymphocytes if present, are included in/or generated from blood mononuclear cells.
- 10. (Amended) Process according to anyone of claims 8 or 9, comprising an additional step of macrophage activation, at the end of the coculture, for instance by addition of γ -interferon or muramyl peptides.
- 11. (Amended) Process according to anyone of claims 6 to 10_7, comprising an additional step of concentration of the cells obtained at the end of the coculture, and resuspension in a vehicle suitable for administration to a patient.

- 13. (Amended) Cell composition such as obtained according to the process of $\frac{1}{2}$ arranged according to the process of $\frac{1}{2}$.
- 14. (Amended) Pharmaceutical composition containing, as active substance, a cellularthe cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 6 or 13.
- 15. (Amended) Cell composition according to anyone of claims 1—to 6 or 13, characterized by the fact that it is derived from and/or included in a peripheral blood mononuclear cell composition containing:
 - from about 10 to about 50% of monocytes,
 - from about 10 to about 70% of lymphocytes,
 - from about 0,1 to about 20% of progenitor cells,
 - from about 1 to about 50% of polynuclear cells,
 - from about 0,1 to about 20% of stem cells.
- 16. (Amended) Use of a cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 6 or 13, for the preparation of drugs, for the restoration of hematopoiesis in an aplasic patient and/or the protection of patients against infectious diseases or against residual tumors.

10

15

20

3/PRTS

CELL COMPOSITION CONTAINING MACROPHAGES, PRESENTING ANTI-INFECTIOUS AND HEMATOPOIETIC PROPERTIES, AND A PROCESS FOR PREPARING THE SAME.

The invention relates to a cell composition containing macrophages, presenting anti-infectious and hematopoietic properties, and a process for preparing the same.

Peripheral hematopoietic apheresis instead of bone marrow puncture and purification are widely used to collect hematopoietic progenitor cells. These cells are used in allogeneic or autologous transplantations for the treatment of genetic diseases and mainly of neoplasic diseases to support high dose chemotherapy or radiotherapy.

Positive selection of the apheresis products for cells bearing the CD34 antigen (CD34* stem cells) and cryopreservation until use has become a recognized method.

However, it offers several drawbacks including cost (the process of selection of cells on antibody coated beads), limited amounts of progenitor cells recovered, delays in immune reconstitution (resulting in infectious complications in the post transplant period).

The number of progenitor cells present in blood can be increased by the preapheresis conditioning of the patient treated with GM-CSF and/or G-CSF colony stimulating factors and eventually with chemotherapy drug such as a cyclophosphamide.

However, cancer patients often relapse due to the presence of residual tumor cells resistant to the chemotherapy regimen (Bhatia M et al.: Quantitative analysis reveals expansion of human hematopoietic repopulating cells after short-term ex vivo culture. J Exp Med. 186: 619-624, 1997, Bonnet D et al.: Cytokine treatment or accessory cells are required to initiate engrafment of purified primitive human hematopoietic cells transplanted at limiting doses into NOD/SCID mice, Bone Marrow Transplant. 23: 203-209, 1999, Breems DA et al.: Stroma-contact prevents loss of hematopoietic stem cell quality during ex vivo expansion of CD34+mobilized peripheral blood stem cells. Blood. 91: 111-117, 1998, Civin et al.: Highhly purified

2.5

10

1.5

20

25

CD34-positive cells reconstitute hematopoiesis. *J Clin Oncol.* 14: 2224-2233, 1996, Morrison SJ et al.: The biology of hematopoietic stem cells. *Annu Rec Cell Dev Biol.* 11: 35-71, 1995, Traycoff CM et al.: Proliferation-induced decline of primitive hematopoietic progenitor cell activity is coupled with an increased in apoptosis of ex vivo expanded CD34+ cells. *Exp Hematol.* 26: 53-62, 1998).

An aim of the invention is to provide a new cell composition containing macrophages, presenting interesting properties in cancer immunotherapy and in stem cell transplantation.

Another aim of the present invention is to provide a new cell processing method allowing under improved standardised procedures the expansion of progenitor and stem cells from peripheral blood without costly purification of a defined cell population.

The aims of the invention are achieved by a cell composition containing macrophages, myeloid cells and progenitor cells, with said progenitor cells being preferably present in a mean ratio of at least about 1 %, preferably about 0,1 to 20 %, with said myeloid cells being preferably present in an amount of about 10 % to about 30 %, with said macrophages being preferably in an amount of about 10 to about 70 %, these percentages being expressed with respect to the total number of cells.

Macrophages, myeloid cells and progenitor cells are defined as CD14⁺ and CD64⁺ cells (macrophages), CD33⁺ cells (myeloid cells) and CD34⁺ cells and/or GM-CFU (progenitor cells). GM-CFU are cells able to form colonies of granulocyte and macrophage in cytokine containing semi-solid culture medium after 14 days of culture.

GEMM-CFU are myeloid stem cells, and are able to give BFU-E, CFU-GM, CFU-M, CFU-EO, and CFU-B. BFU-E are progenitor cells able to differentiate into erythrocytes.

10

20

2.5

30

According to an advantageous embodiment, the cell composition of the invention contains T lymphocytes, preferably in a ratio of about 10 to 60 %, expressed with respect to the total number of cells.

According to an advantageous embodiment of the invention, the progenitor cells contain from about 0,1 % to about 20 % of stem cells, expressed with respect to the total number of progenitor cells.

Stem cells are defined as expressing CD34 molecules and/or by their ability to form colonies in cytokine containing semi-solid culture medium.

According to an advantageous embodiment, the progenitor cells are generated from and possibly included in peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and in particular are chosen among:

myelo-erythroïd progenitor cells, myeloïd progenitor cells, lymphoïd progenitor cells or a mixture thereof.

The expression "included in" means that the progenitor cells are present in the cell composition.

The expression "generated from" means that the progenitor cells are differentiated from stem cells originally present in the cell composition.

In the cell composition of the invention, the macrophages, myeloïd cells and the lymphocytes if present, are included in/or generated from blood mononuclear cells.

The cell composition of the invention has gained a new combination of activities useful in cancer immunotherapy and in stem cell transplantation. These properties include:

- purge by macrophages and cytotoxic T/NK cells of the tumor cells eventually present in the graft,
- eradication of residual cancer disease in the patient by macrophages and/or antigen presenting cells (MAC-DCs dendritic cells) present in the autologous or in the allogeneic graft,
- avoiding most infectious episodes after injection at the beginning of the aplasia period following therapy in the patient, thanks to the potent anti-viral, anti-

10

15

20

25

30

bacterial and anti-parasite properties of macrophages and eventually of contaminating polynuclear cells and their precursors present in the product.

- 4) facilitating engraftment by the enhanced amount of stem cells, of hematopoietic cells, progenitors of myeloid, erythroid and lymphoid as well as of cells at intermediate states of differentiation present in the graft,
- 5) decrease significantly of the aplasia period (correlated with patient's fever and infections) by markedly increasing the recovery rate of the different blood populations.

The invention also relates to a process for the preparation of a cell composition containing macrophages, myeloid cells and progenitor cells, with said progenitor cells being preferably present in an amount of about 0,1 % to about 10 %, with said macrophages being preferably in an amount of about 10 to about 60 %, these percentages being expressed with respect to the total number of cells, comprising the step of mobilization of the progenitor cells in the blood of a patient, for instance by premedication of said patient with G-CSF and/or GM-CSF, or G-CSF and cyclophophosphamide, thus increasing the amount of progenitor cells in peripheral blood.

The term "mobilization" means stimulation of bone marrow cells to release increased amount of progenitor cells in the blood.

The process of the invention can comprise an additional step of coculture of the blood mononuclear cells and progenitors, after washing off the platelets, the granulocytes and erythrocytes, for about 4 to about 10 days, in a medium allowing differentiation of monocytes into macrophages and myeloid progenitors into polynuclear cells.

According to an advantageous embodiment of the process, the coculture of the blood mononuclear cells and progenitors is carried out in the presence of cytokines or growth factors, for example: IL3, IL6, stem cell factor, EPO, thrombopoietin, GM-CSF, G-CSF, Flat-3 ligand, c-kit ligand or their agonists.

The process of the invention can also comprise an additional step of macrophage activation, at the end of the coculture, for instance by addition of γ -interferon or muramyl peptides.

10

15

20

DOMODERY 112701

The aim of activation macrophages is to gain more anti-infectious and anti-tumoral activity.

The process of the invention can comprise an additional step of concentration of the cells obtained at the end of the coculture, and resuspension in a vehicle suitable for administration to a patient.

The process of the invention can comprise after the resuspension of the coculture, a step of freezing part or the totality of the resuspension.

It is to be noted that cellular product obtained after $ex\ vivo$ differentiation and expansion contains stem cells, progenitor cells, myeloïd cells, T lymphocytes and differentiated macrophages which are activated (for example by γ interferon) at the end of the process. The coculture for 3 to 12 days performed at 37°C in non adherent bags and defined medium (IMDM basis) allows increased recovery of CD34+ cells and/or of intermediate hematopoietic progenitor cells. This means that normal hematopoietic progenitors are not only spared by activated macrophages, but are also stimulated to greater proliferation and differentiation.

The invention also relates to a cell composition such as obtained according to the process as defined above.

The invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition containing, as active substance, a cellular composition as defined above.

The invention also relates to a method for the restoration of hematopoiesis in an aplasic patient and/or the protection of patients against infectious diseases or against residual tumors, comprising the use of a pharmaceutical composition as defined above.

The expression "restoration of hematopoiesis" means increasing the level of hematopoietic cells to reach a normal functionality similar to that of healthy individuals to achieve protection against infections (which can be measured by blood numeration and identification).

The invention also relates to a method for the diminution of the aplasia period in a patient, for instance from 11 days to 1 to 3 days, comprising the use of pharmaceutical composition as defined above.

25

10

2.0

25

30

The term "aplasia" is defined as a pathological low level of hematopoietic cells in blood.

The cell composition of the invention defined above is characterised by the fact that it is derived from and/or included in a peripheral blood mononuclear cell composition containing:

- from about 10 to about 50 % of monocytes,
- from about 10 to about 70 % of lymphocytes,
- from about 0,1 to about 20 % of progenitor cells,
- from about 1 to about 50 % of polynuclear cells.
- from about 0,1 to about 20 % of stem cells.

Figure legend

Figure 1 represents the inhibition of the growth of myeloma cell lines of the activated MAK.

The number of viable cells $(x10^4/ml)$ is plotted against the time (expressed in days).

The XG-1, XG-2, XG-14 myeloma cell lines were cultured in RPMI1640 with 10% FCS and 3 ng/ml of IL-6 at a concentration of 5 x 10⁵ cells/ml. The characteristics of the XG-1 and XG-2 cell lines are described in Blood 83: 3654-3663, 1994 and those of XG-14 in Journal of Immunology, 163: 514-524, 1999. Cells were cultured in teflon coated culture wells. Myeloma cells were cultured either alone or with 5 x 10⁵ activated MAK. In one group, only MAK were cultured. Every day, the number of viable cells was determined using trypan blue exclusion. The percentage of myeloma cells was determined by staining with anti-CD38 antibodies and FACS analysis. Results are those of one representative experiment out of three.

The curve with lozenges corresponds to MAK.

The curve with black squares corresponds to XG-1

The curve with hollow squares corresponds to MAK + XG -1.

The curve with black triangles corresponds to XG-2.

The curve with hollow triangles corresponds to MAK + XG-2.

The curve with black circles corresponds to XG - 14.

25

5

10

The curve with hollow circles corresponds to MAK + XG - 14.

Figure 2 represents the inhibition of myeloma cell growth by activated macrophages producing soluble mediators.

The number of viable cells $(x10^4/ml)$ is plotted against the time (expressed in days).

XG-1, XG-2 and XG-14 myeloma cells were cultured in RPMI 1640, 10% FCS and 3 ng/ml of IL-6. 2 x 10⁵ myeloma cells were cultured in the lower chamber of transwell culture wells containing or not containing 2 x 10⁵ MAK in the upper chamber. Every day, the number of viable myeloma cells was determined using trypan blue exclusion. Results are those of one representative experiment out of two.

The curve with black lozenges corresponds to XG-1.

The curve with hollow lozenges corresponds to MAK / XG-1.

The curve with black triangles corresponds to XG -2.

The curve with hollow triangles corresponds to MAK / XG -2.

The curve with black squares corresponds to XG - 14.

The curve with hollow squares corresponds to MAK / XG - 14.

Figure 3 represents the stimulation of the generation of hematopoietic colonies by activated MAK.

2 x 10³ purified CD34 cells (purity > 90%) were cultured in methyl cellulose semi-solid culture medium and hematopoietic cytokines either alone or with 10⁵ activated MAK. The number of GM-CFU, BFU-E and GEMM-CFU was enumerated after 14 days of culture. Results are those of one representative experiment out of three.

The Y axis represents the number of colonies.

In the X axis, the columns with parallel lines represent GEMM-CFU, the columns with black and white squares represent GM-CFU and the grey columns represent BFU-E.

10

15

20

25

30

Figure 4 represents the stimulation of the growth of CD34 cells by activated MAK.

Purified CD34 cells (purity > 90%) were cultured in RPMI1640, 10% FCS and 50 ng/ml of IL-3 and SCF. The number of CD34 cells was determined every day using labelling with anti-CD34 antibody and FACS analysis. CD34 cells were culture either alone or with 10^5 activated MAK. Results are those of one representative experiment out of two.

The Y axis represents the CD 34 numbers (x $10^4/ml$) and the X axis represents the time (expressed in days of culture).

The curve with lozenges corresponds to CD34.

The curve with squares corresponds to CD34/MAK.

The curve with triangles corresponds to CD34/MAK (adhesion).

Figure 5 represents the stimulation of the growth of hematopoietic progenitors by activated MAK.

Purified CD34 cells were cultured as described in Fig. 4. Every day, the number of hematopoietic progenitors was evaluated by culture in methyl cellulose semi-solid culture medium and hematopoietic cytokines. The number of GM-CFU was enumerated after 14 days of culture.

The Y axis represents the number of granulocytes / macrophages colonies.

The X axis represents the days of culture of CD34 cells with or without MAK.

The curve with "B" corresponds to CD34 cells and the curve with "J" corresponds to CD34 cells / MAK.

In the examples hereafter, the abbreviations used have the following meanings:

CD: Cluster of Differentiation, DMSO: Dimethylsulfoxyde, RPMI: Rosewell Park Medical Institute, FCS: Fetal Calf Serum, FACS: Fluorescence Activated Cell Sorting, SCF: Stem Cell Factor.

Example 1

A patient with multiple myeloma was treated with cyclophosphamide (4g/m²) and a daily injection of G-CSF (5µg/kg). The peripheral blood CD34 count was monitored every day and apheresis was started when CD34 count was greater than

10

15

20

25

10/mm³. Mononuclear cells (less than 10 % polynuclear cells) were collected by apheresis, washed twice in PBS, and cultured for 6 days in a MAK TM cell processor at a concentration of 5 x 10⁶ cells/ml in 2 culture bags of 500 ml, at 37°C, 5 % CO₂. The culture medium contained 500 U/ml of GM-CSF. On day 6, IFN-gamma (250 U/ml) was added for one day. Before culture, and at day 1, 2, 5, 6, 7 of culture and after elutriation, a cell sample was harvested for determination of the cell count and of the percentages of CD34, CD14, CD33, CD64, HLA-DR, CD16, CD3 cells and of the concentration of granulocyte-macrophage colony forming units (GM-CFU). The cell membrane phenotype of the cells was determined by FACS analysis using FITC labeled murine monoclonal antibodies (Immunotech, Marseilles, France) or isotype control murine antibodies. The concentration of GM-CFU was determined using methylcellulose semi solid medium containing various hematopoietic cytokines purchased from Stemgen (Villejuif, France).

Progressive 3-fold increase of the numbers of CD34 cells and of GM-CFU has been observed. These data indicated that this culture system supported the growth of hematopoietic precursors.

Cells from apheresis (mobilized myeloma patients) could also be kept frozen. After thawing 5.7×10^9 cells containing 44 % CD3+ cells (lymphocytes) and 42 % CD14+ cells (monocytes) could be seeded and cultured in defined medium at 37°C.

Lymphocytes (CD3 $^{+}$) and CD14 $^{+}$ cells tended to decrease (see table 1). CD64 $^{+}$ macrophages were low until activation by IFN γ at day 6, which increased markedly this population. This last population was mainly present after purification by elutriation at day 7.

When the subpopulation of CD34⁺ stem cells was followed along the culture, it was observed an increase in the number and percentage of cells with CD34⁺ phenotype. 7.10⁷ CD34⁺ cells were present at the beginning of culture, increasing to 21.10⁷ after 6 days (Table 1).

The presence of cytokines released in the culture medium and of a large number of T lymphocytes (57 % in this experiment) appeared important for the proliferation of CD34* and progenitor cells. Macrophages were obtained reproducibly, with good viability after thawing. They could eventually be purified to 90 % by elutriation with

15

and average of 5.10° macrophages differentiated from one apheresis (60 patients analyzed). The total cell population recovered after culture is injected to patients to allow faster recovery of hematopoietic progenitors and decrease the period of aplasia.

Table 1

5

	Culture	Ј1	Ј2	J5	J 6	Before Elutriation	After Elutriation
Volume (ml)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	228
Cellular concentration (10 ⁶ /ml)	5	3.3	2.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.5
Total number of cells (109)	5	3.3	2.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	0.34
CD 3 (%)	57	33	27	15	23	19	1.3
CD 14 (%)	41	9.25	18	8.5	8	13	40
CD 16 (%)	34	11.25	4	.62	1	2	3.9
CD 64 (%)	28	nd	0.2	4.28	0.79	15	59
HLA-Dr (%)	60	nd	19	33.4	64	37	73
CD 33 (%)	nd	nd	nd	14	27	43	47
CD 34 (%)	1.41	nd	7.29	11	13	14	21
CFU-GM (/10 ⁵)	116	nd	nd	nd	1000	nd	14
BFU (/10 ⁵)	197	nd	nd	nd	2680	nd	nd

Example 2
Objectives

In the figures and in the following example, activated macrophages (MAK) are obtained according to PCT/EP93/01232.

Activated macrophages (MAK) are able to kill various human tumor cells. We have looked for whether MAK generated from apheresis cells - collected during hematopoietic stem cell mobilisation in the peripheral blood by cyclophosphamide and granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) - are able to kill human malignant plasma cells. We have also looked for their effect on the growth of human

hematopoietic CD34 stem cells and on the ability of CD34 cells to generate hematopoietic colonies in semi solid culture medium.

Generation of MAK

10

15

5

Activated MAK were obtained using kits provided by IDM (Paris, France). MAK were generated from apheresis cells from 2 patients collected during mobilization of hematopoietic stem cells in the peripheral blood using cyclophosphamide and G-CSF. Apheresis cells were cultured for 6 days with 500 ng/ml of GM-CSF and then for an additional day with IFN-gamma (250 U/ml). At day 7, MAK were purified by counter elutriation. We have previously shown that these cells comprised more than 80-90% of MAK expressing HLA-DR and CD64 molecules (Patent deposit N° 99 400 239.2). MAK were frozen with a physiologic NaCl solution, 4% albumin and 10% DMSO. For the manipulations described below, MAK were thawed and cultured for one day with RPMI1640, 10% FCS (Biowittaker, Belgium) and 500 U/ml GM-CSF before use.

Effect of MAK on the growth of malignant plasma cell lines

20

Three malignant plasma cell lines have been obtained in the laboratory: XG-1, XG-2, XG-14. The survival and the growth of these cell lines are dependent on the addition of exogenous cytokines. Cultures were done in 24 well culture plated coated with teflon (Polylabo Block, ref. 80776) in order to avoid adherence of MAK. Cells were cultured in RPMI1640 culture medium supplemented with 10% FCS (Biowittaker, Belgium) and 3 ng/ml of interleukin-6 (Sandoz, Switzerland). 5 x 10⁵ myeloma cells were cultured alone or with 5 x 10⁵ activated MAK for 3 days. In one culture group, 5 x 10⁵ MAK were cultured alone. At day 1, 2 and 3 of cultures, the number of viable cells was determined using trypan blue exclusion. As shown in Fig. 1, addition of MAK blocked the growth of the 3 myeloma cell lines. We looked for whether MAK phagocytised myeloma cells or secreted a soluble factor able to block myeloma cell growth. Cocultures were performed using transwell culture wells with two chambers separated by a 0.45 µm filter. 2 x 10⁵ activated MAK were cultured in

30

10

15

20

25

30

100 μ l of culture medium in the upper chamber and in the lower chamber, 2×10^5 cells myeloma cells were plated in 600 μ l culture medium containing 3 ng/ml of IL-6. Myeloma cell numbers were determined on day 1, 2 and 3 of culture. As shown in Fig. 2, addition of activated MAK reduced myeloma cell growth. This reduction was inferior to that found when activated MAK were in contact to myeloma cells. These data indicated that activated MAK inhibited myeloma cell growth partly by producing a soluble inhibitory factor.

Effect of activated MAK on the growth and differentiation of hematopoietic CD34 stem cells

The effects of activated MAK on the growth of CD34 cells and on their ability to differentiate into hematopoietic cells were investigated. First, activated MAK were cocultured with purified human CD34 cells (> 90% CD34 cells) in methyl cellulose semi-solid culture medium containing a cocktail of hematopoietic cytokines for 14 days (Stemgern, France). On day 14, the number of granulocyte-macrophage colonies (GM-CFU), burst forming unit erythroid (BFU-E) and mixed colonies (GEMM-CFU) was determined. As outlined in Fig. 3, addition of activated MAK increased the number of hematopoietic colonies indicating that activated MAK did not affect CD34 cells but on the contrary amplified their differentiation into hematopoietic colonies. In another experiment, activated MAK were cocultured with purified CD34 cells for several days in the presence of interleukin-3 (IL-3) and stem cell factor (SCF). Every day, the number of CD34 cells was determined by staining with an anti-CD34 monoclonal antibody and FACS analysis. The number of hematopoietic progenitor was determined by culture in methyl cellulose semi solid culture medium containing hematopoietic cytokines. As shown in Fig. 4 and 5, activated MAK increased the growth of CD34 cells as well as of hematopoietic progenitors.

In conclusion, activated MAK have no inhibitory effect on the growth and differentiation of hematopoietic CD34 cells. On the contrary, activated MAK stimulate the short-term growth of CD34 stem cells and of hematopoietic progenitors.

25

30

5

CLAIMS

- Cell composition containing macrophages, presenting anti-infectious and hematopoietic properties.
- 2. Cell composition containing macrophages, myeloïd cells and progenitor cells, with said progenitor cells being preferably present in a ratio of at least about 0,1 %, preferably about 0,1 to 20 %, with said myeloïd cells being preferably present in an amount of about 10 % to about 30 %, with said macrophages being preferably in an amount of about 10 to about 60 %, these percentages being expressed with respect to the total number of cells.
- 3. Cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 or 2, containing T lymphocytes, preferably in a ratio of about 10 to 60 % expressed with respect to the total number of cells.
- 4. Cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 3, wherein the progenitor cells contain from about 0,1 % to about 20 % of CD34⁺ stem cells, expressed with respect to the total number of progenitor cells.
- 5. Cell composition according to claim 4, wherein the progenitor cells are generated from and possibly included in peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and in particular are chosen among:

myelo-erythroïd progenitor cells, myeloïd progenitor cells, lymphoïd progenitor cells or a mixture thereof.

6. Cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 5, wherein the macrophages, myeloïd cells and the lymphocytes if present, are included in/or generated from blood mononuclear cells.

10

15

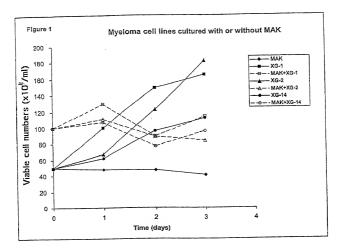
20

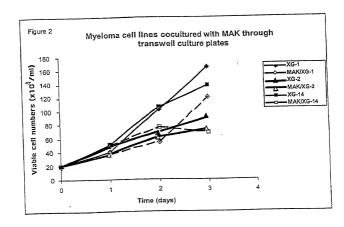
25

- 7. Process for the preparation of a cell composition containing macrophages, myeloïd cells and progenitor cells, with said progenitor cells being preferably present in an amount of about 0,1 % to about 20 %, with said macrophages being preferably in an amount of about 10 to about 60 %, these percentages being expressed with respect to the total number of cells, comprising the step of mobilization the progenitor cells in the blood of a patient, for instance by premedication of said patient with G-CSF and/or GM-CSF, or G-CSF and cyclophophosphamide, thus increasing the amount of progenitor cells in peripheral blood.
- 8. Process according to claim 7, comprising an additional step of coculture of the blood mononuclear cells and progenitors, after washing off the platelets, the granulocytes and erythrocytes, for about 4 to about 10 days, in a medium allowing differentiation of monocytes into macrophages and myeloïd progenitors into polynuclear cells.
- Process according to claim 8, wherein the coculture is carried out in the
 presence of cytokines or growth factors, for example: IL3, IL6 stem cell factor,
 EPO, trhombopoitein, GM-CSF, G-CSF, Flat-3 ligand, C-kit ligand or their agonists.
- 10. Process according to anyone of claims 8 or 9, comprising an additional step of macrophage activation, at the end of the coculture, for instance by addition of γ-interferon or muramyl peptides.
- 11. Process according to anyone of claims 6 to 10, comprising an additional step of concentration of the cells obtained at the end of the coculture, and resuspension in a vehicle suitable for administration to a patient.
- 12. Process according to claim 11, comprising, after the resuspension of the coculture, a step of freezing part or the totality of the resuspension.

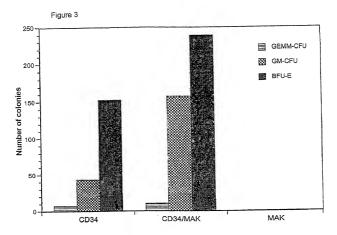
10

- 13. Cell composition such as obtained according to the process of anyone of claims 7 to 12.
- 14. Pharmaceutical composition containing, as active substance, a cellular composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 6 or 13.
 - 15. Cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 6 or 13, characterized by the fact that it is derived from and/or included in a peripheral blood mononuclear cell composition containing:
 - from about 10 to about 50 % of monocytes,
 - from about 10 to about 70 % of lymphocytes,
 - from about 0,1 to about 20 % of progenitor cells,
 - from about 1 to about 50 % of polynuclear cells,
 - from about 0,1 to about 20 % of stem cells.
 - 16. Use of a cell composition according to anyone of claims 1 to 6 or 13, for the preparation of drugs, for the restoration of hematopoiesis in an aplasic patient and/or the protection of patients against infectious diseases or against residual tumors.





PCT/EP00/00647



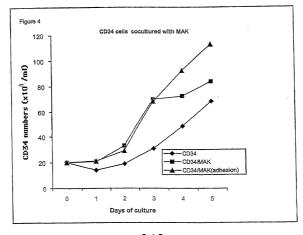
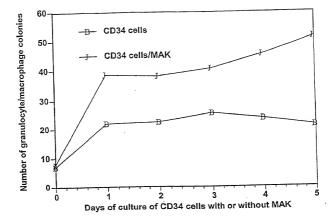


Figure 5





COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

CELL COMPOSITION CONTAINING MACROPHAGES, PRESENTING ANTI-INFECTIOUS AND HEMATOPOIETIC PROPERTIES. AND A PROCESS FOR PREPARING THE SAME

the specification of which: (check one)

0		REGULAR OR DE	SIGN APPLICATION	
900	[]	is attached hereto.		
	[]	was filed on amended on (if applicable).	as application Serial No.	and was
N.		PCT FILED APPLICATION	ENTERING NATIONAL STAGE	
	[X]	was described and claimed ir 27 January 2000 and as amer	International application PCT/EPC	00/00647 filed or
100		that I have reviewed and understand the cont	ents of the above-identified specification,	including the claims

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

Lacknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

PRIORITY CLAIM

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 USC 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing (day, month, year)	Priority Claimed
Europe	99 400 239.2	3 February 1999	yes

(Complete this part only if this is a continuing application.)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 USC 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 USC 112. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Statuspatented, pending, abandoned)

POWER OF ATTORNEY

The undersigned hereby authorizes the U.S. attorney or agent named herein to accept and follow instructions from Grosset-Fournier & Demachy as to any action to be taken in the Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communication between the U.S. attorney or agent and the undersigned. In the event of a change in the persons from whom instructions may be taken, the U.S. attorney or agent named herein will be so notified by the undersigned.

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the registered patent attorneys represented by Customer No. 000466 to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, including: Robert J. PATCH, Reg. No. 17,355, Andrew J. PATCH, Reg. No. 32,925, Robert F. HARGEST, Reg. No. 25,590, Benoît CASTEL, Reg. No. 35,041, Eric JENSEN, Reg. No. 37,855, Thomas W. PERKINS, Reg. No. 33,027, and Roland E. LONG, Ir., Reg. No. 41,949

c/o YOUNG & THOMPSON. Second Floor. 745 South 23rd Street, Arlington, Virginia 22202.



00466

Address all telephone calls to Young & Thompson at 703/521-2297. Telefax: 703/685-0573.

🚉 I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge ler Section validity of

	that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both unc 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the the application or any patent issued thereon.
· 大夫的701	Full name of sole or first inventor: Bernard KLEIN (given name, family name) Inventor's signature Residence: Saint-Clement-de-Riviere, France Post Office Address: 83, allee des Ecureuils, F-34980 Saint-Clement-de-Riviere, France
Jb	Full name of second joint inventor, if any: Zhao Yang LU (given name, family name) Inventor's signature Residence: Castelnau-le-Lez, France Post Office Address: 19, allee des Causes, F-34170 Castelnau-le-Lez, France
u	Full name of third joint inventor, if any: Jacques BARTHOLEYNS (given name, family name) Inventor's signature Residence: Turquant, France Citizenship: French

Form Y&T (6/00)

Post Office Address: 1, impasse Marguerite d'Aniou.

F-49730 Turquant, France